ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021



# Bishop Consolidated Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2021

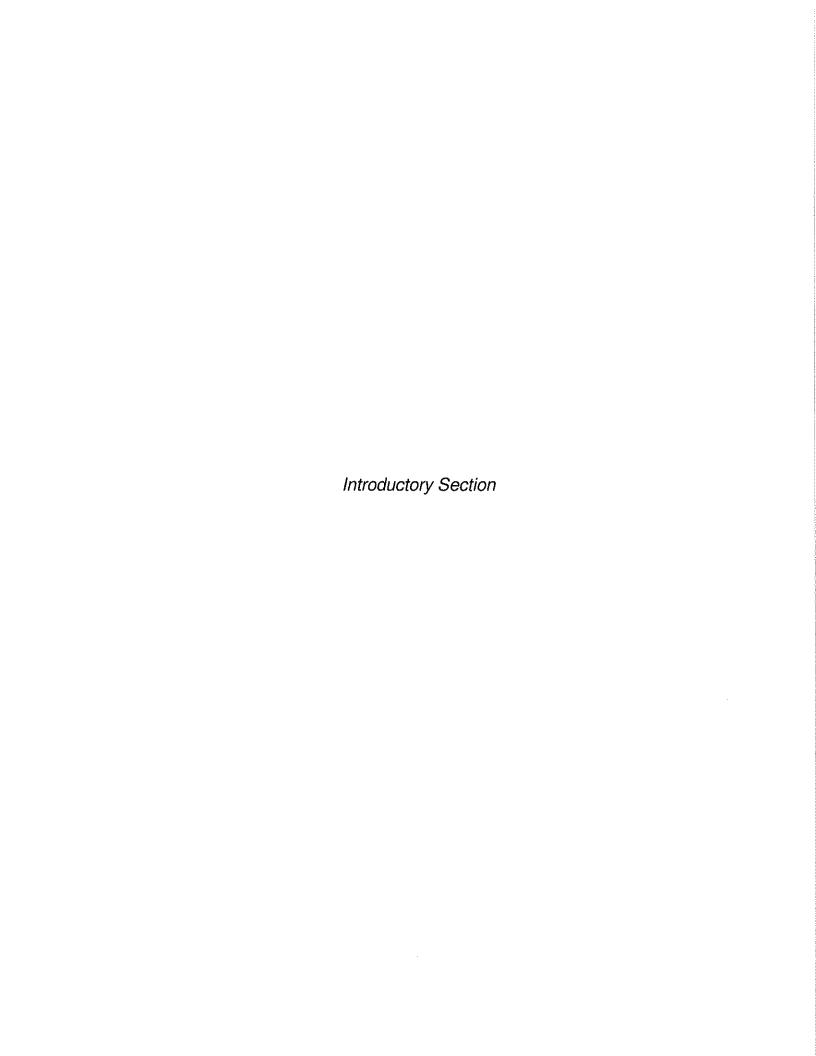
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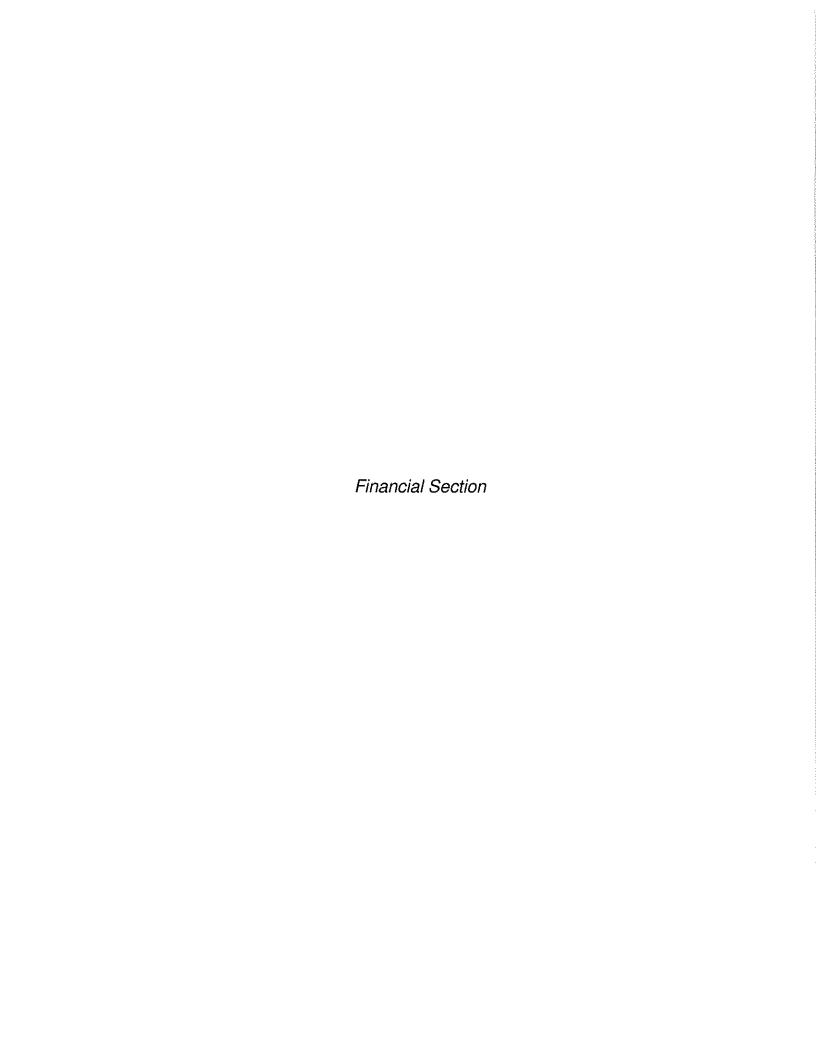
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### CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Bishop Consolidated Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Nueces</u> County	<u>178-902</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annu	al financial reports of	the above named school district
were reviewed and (check one)approved _	disapproved for	the year ended August 31, 2021,
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school dis	strict on the day o	f,
Signature of Board Secretary	Signatu	re of Board President
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's rep (attach list as necessary)	oort, the reason(s) for d	isapproving it is (are):





#### JOHN WOMACK & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN L. WOMACK, CPA MARGARET KELLY, CPA P.O. BOX 1147 KINGSVILLE, TEXAS 78364 (361) 592-2671 FAX (361) 592-1411

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees
Bishop Consolidated Independent School District
719 East Sixth Street
Bishop, Texas 78343

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION, AICPA DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bishop Consolidated Independent School District as of August 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2021, Bishop Consolidated Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2021, Bishop Consolidated Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards

generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated on our consideration of Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

√ohn Womack & Company, P.C.

Womich 6. P.C.

Kingsville, TX December 16, 2021

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements which follows this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

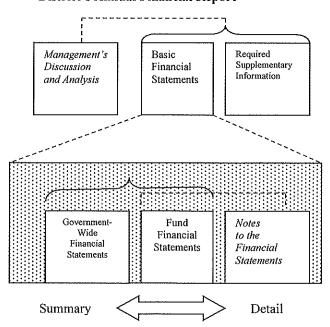
- The District's total combined net position was \$15,022,599 at August 31, 2021.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$2,271,387 less than the \$23,877,334 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs for governmental activities decreased \$111,742 from last year.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$9,501,539.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government- wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial* statements that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
  - The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
  - Proprietary fund statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as self-insurance.
  - Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1. Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2. Maj	or Features of the Dis	trict's Government-Wid	e and Fund Financ	ial Statements
	pullinguistic		Fund Statements	
Type of			Proprietary	
Statements Scope	Government-Wide  Entire District's government (except fiduciary funds) and the District's component units	Governmental Funds The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Funds Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: self-insurance	Fiduciary Funds Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statement	*Statement of net position *Statement of activities	*Balance Sheet  *Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	*Statement of net position *Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position *Statement of cash flows	*Statement of Fiduciary net position *Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term, the District's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenue and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position -- the difference between the District's assets and liabilities -- are one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

#### The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statement, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported
  in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both longand short-term financial information.
  - We use *internal service funds* to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's Self Insurance Fund.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$15,022,599 at August 31, 2021. (See Table A-1).

The \$4,639,912 of *combined* unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

Total *combined* current assets increased \$1,409,343, primarily due to a large increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$1,403,697 for the increased tax collections and state revenue payments. Long-term liabilities experienced a decrease of \$1,356,842, due to scheduled payments.

Table A-1
The District's Net Position

		Governmental Activities		_(	% Change		Business-Type Activities			% Change				
		2021		2020				20	21	_	202	0		
Current and other assets	\$ 15,	199,568	<b>\$</b> 13	,795,871		10.17%		g	3,852	\$	88	,206	6.40	%
Capital and non-current assets	39,	883,472	39	,982,844		-0.25%		2	20,353	i	21	,797	-6.62	%
Total Assets	55,	083,040	53	,778,715		2.43%		11	4,205		110	,003	3.82	%
Deferred Outflow Related														
to Pensions	1,	694,155	2	,111,855		-19.78%			-			-	0.00	%
Deferred Outflow Related														
to OPEB	1,:	593,102	1	,514,622		5.18%			_			_	0.00	%
Total Deferred Outflows														
of Resources	3,	287,257	3	,626,477		-9.35%			-				0.00	%
C	2.4	300 (02	2	202 ((2		0 7700/			200		2	77.0	00.70	۸,
Current liabilities		228,603		,203,662		0.78%			388		3,	760	-89.68	
Long-term liabilities		948,702		,305,544		-4.48%						-	0.00	
Net Pension Liability	-	738,531		,729,542		0.24%						-	0.00	
Net OPEB Liability		029,868	-	,810,995		-16.24%						-	0.00	
Total Liabilities	39,	945,704	42	,049,743		-5.00%			388		3,	760	-89.68	%
Deferred Inflows Related														
to Pensions		564,914		636,747		-11.28%			_				0.00	%
Deferred Inflows Related	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		050,7 17		11(20)							0100	, ,
to OPEB	2 (	950,897	2	,081,307		41.78%			-			_	0.00	0/6
Total Deferred Inflows		,,,,,,,		,001,501		111,70,0							0,00	, ,
of Resources	3,:	515,811	2	,718,054		29.35%			-	_		-	0.00	%
Net Position														
Net investment in														
capital assets	10 3	362,334	10	,141,578		2.18%		21	0,353		21	797	-6.62	0/0
Restricted	10,.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10	,11,510	-	100.00%		۷	-		٠1,	-	0.02	
Unrestricted	4	546,448	ว	,495,817	_	82.16%		Q:	3,464		8/1	- 446	10.68	
				<del></del>			•							
Total Net Position	\$ 14,9	908,782	\$ 12	,637,395		17.97%	\$ ,	113	3,817	*=	106,	243	7.13	%

#### Changes in net position

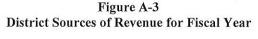
The District's total revenues from governmental activities were \$23,877,334. A significant portion, 44%, of the District's revenue comes from taxes. (See Figure A-3)

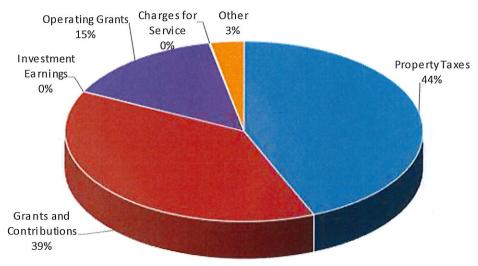
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific functions remained stable at 39%, while operating grants decreased from 18% to 15%.

The total costs of all programs and services for governmental activities were \$21,605,947, and 73% of these costs are for instructional and student services.

#### **Governmental Activities**

• Operating and maintenance property tax rates decreased 10% with an increase in valuations of 44%. With the refunding bond payment and the increase of appraised valuations, the debt service tax rate was decreased by 26%. The state revenues increased because of increased ADA (paid on hold harmless ADA because of COVID remote learning).





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Table A-2
The District's Revenues and Expenditures

		rnmental tivities	% Change	Business - Activit	* *	% Change
	2021	2020		2021	2020	
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for service	\$ 28,207	\$ 127,649	-77.90% \$	19,000 \$	22,500	-15.56%
Operating grants and contributions	3,479,651	3,992,963	-12.86%	-	-	0.00%
General Revenues:						
Maintenance and operations taxes	7,807,100	6,327,056	23.39%	-	-	0.00%
Debt service taxes	2,608,449	2,571,899	1.42%	-	-	0.00%
Grants and contributions not restricted						
to specific functions	9,209,965	8,679,493	6.11%	-	-	0.00%
Investment earnings	16,853	197,190	-91.45%	-	-	0.00%
Miscellaneous	727,109	654,565	11.08%		<b>*</b>	0.00%
Total Revenue	23,877,334	22,550,815	5.88%	19,000	22,500	-15.56%
Expenses:					•	
Instruction, curriculum and media						
services	10,675,770	10,913,398	-2.18%	-	-	0.00%
Instructional and school leadership	1,540,891	1,580,060	-2.48%	-	-	0.00%
Student support services	1,463,196	1,264,669	15.70%	-	-	0.00%
Child nutrition	1,206,182	1,454,154	-17.05%	-	-	0.00%
Cocurricular activities	986,336	1,038,705	-5.04%	-	•	0.00%
General administration	845,656	858,719	-1.52%	-	-	0.00%
Facilities maintenance, security & data						0.00%
processing	3,568,043	3,212,106	11.08%	=	•	0.00%
Community Services	6,084	42,872	-85.81%	-	-	0.00%
Debt service	1,076,477	1,127,013	-4.48%	-		0.00%
Capital Outlay		2,300	-100.00%	-	-	0.00%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	141,424	128,526	10.04%	-	-	0.00%
Bond Issuance Costs	95,888	95,167	0.76%	-	-	0.00%
Rental Property			0.00%	11,426	84,393	-86,46%
Total Expenses	21,605,947	21,717,689	-0.51%	11,426	84,393	-86.46%
Increase in net position	2,271,387	833,126	172.63%	7,574	(61,893)	-112.24%
Net position at beginning of year	12,637,395	11,804,269	7.06%	106,243	168,136	-36.81%
Prior Period Adjustment			0.00%	<u>.</u>	-	0.00%
Net position at end of year	\$ 14,908,782	\$ 12,637,395	17.97% \$ =	113,817 \$	106,243	7.13%

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's *net cost* (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$21,605,947
- The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$10,415,549.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$28,207, and by grants and contributions, \$3,479,651.

Table A-3
Net Cost of Selected District Functions

		Total Cost of Services			% Change	Net Se	t of es	% Change		
		2021	•	2020		2021	•	2020		
Instruction	\$	9,911,404	\$	10,114,281	-2.01% \$	9,117,136	\$	9,046,088	0.79%	
School leadership		1,281,932		1,321,010	-2.96%	1,269,405		1,276,773	-0.58%	
Facilities maintenan	ice &									
operations		3,002,753		2,697,902	11.30%	2,988,782		2,638,490	13.28%	

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$23,826,330, and were up 8.4% from the preceding year. The \$1,382,195 net increase in local revenues was due to an increase in the certified property valuations, and there was a \$299,468 increase in state revenues.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget several times. The actual expenditures were \$3,545,261 below final budgeted amounts. Staffing was budgeted for full employment throughout the full year.

Resources available were \$29,454 over the final budgeted amount. As noted earlier:

• Actual property tax collections were more than the final budgeted amount by \$257,466, slightly offsetting lower state revenues than budgeted by \$231,490.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of the 2021 school year, the District had invested \$59,708,406 in a broad range of governmental activities' capital assets, including land, buildings, and vehicles before depreciation. (See Table A-4) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deletions) of \$1,320,898 or approximately 2.26% over last year, due to the new roofing project that was completed.

Table A-4
District's Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities		% Change	Busin Ac	% Change				
	2021		2020			2021		2020	
Land	\$ 639,026	\$	639,026	0.00%	\$		\$	-	0.00%
Construction in Progress	309,451		5,427,848	-94.30%		-		-	0.00%
Buildings and improvements	53,687,826		47,977,581	11.90%		27,927		27,927	0.00%
Equipment	2,890,439		2,507,985	15.25%		-		-	0.00%
Vehicles	2,181,664	- 1	1,835,068	18.89%		<u> </u>			0.00%
Totals at historical cost	59,708,406	. ,	58,387,508	2.26%	_	27,927	. <u>-</u>	27,927	0.00%
Total accumulated depreciation	19,824,938		18,404,666	7.72%	_	7,574	. <u>-</u>	6,130	-23.56%
Net capital assets	\$ 39,883,468	\$	39,982,842	-0.25%	\$ <u></u>	20,353	\$ =	21,797	-6.62%

### Long -Term Debt

The District, as of August 31, 2021, had \$29,835,621 in outstanding Tax School Refunding and Building Bonds Series 2018, 2017, 2016 and 2009. The District had a \$2,391,102 Premium on Bonds, a deferred loss on refunding bonds and \$500,811 in Capital Leases. See note F for additional information.

Table A-5
The District's Long-Term Debt

				Total %
Governmental Activities	_	2021	2020	Change
Tax school building bonds	\$	28,112,000 \$	29,491,000	-4.68%
Capital appreciation bonds		-	-	0.00%
Premium on bonds		2,391,102	2,582,202	-7.40%
Deferred loss on refunding bond		(667,481)	(758,148)	-11.96%
Accumulated accretion				
'08 CAP bonds		-	-	0.00%
Capital Lease		500,811	506,649	-1.15%
Net Pension Liability		3,738,531	3,729,542	0.24%
Net OPEB Liability	_	4,029,888	4,810,995	-16.24%
Total governmental activities	\$ _	38,104,851 \$	40,362,240	-5.59%

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Net taxable valuations for the 2021 tax assessments will be down \$12,466,745, or 3% below the 2020 tax year valuations.
- General operating fund spending per student in the 2022 budget is \$6,522.
- The district's 2022 refined average daily attendance is expected to remain stable.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2022. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$17,252,174, a decrease of 7% from the final 2021 budget of \$18,622,526.

The District opened the 2022 school year with all teacher positions filled with highly qualified teachers. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2022 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary general fund balance is expected to stay the same.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Services Department.

Bishop Consolidated Independent School District 719 East Sixth Street Bishop, Texas 78343

(361) 584-3591 (361) 584-3147 fax





# BISHOP CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2021

<b>.</b> .			1		2	3
Data Control		C	Sovernmental	Bu	siness-type	
Codes			Activities		Activities	Total
	ASSETS:	_		*******		 
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	14,345,532	\$	93,852	\$ 14,439,384
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)		421,314			421,314
1240	Due from Other Governments		168,326			168,326
1260	Internal Balances		7,850			7,850
1290	Other Receivables (Net)		10,860			10,860
1410	Unrealized Expenses Capital Assets:		245,686			245,686
1510	Land		639,026			639,026
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		36,961,724		20,353	36,982,077
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		1,973,270			1,973,270
1580	Construction in Progress		309,452			309,452
1000	Total Assets		55,083,040		114,205	 55,197,245
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		1,694,155		==	1,694,155
	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB		1,593,102			1,593,102
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,287,257		44	 3,287,257
	LIABILITIES:					
2110	Accounts Payable		440,988		388	441,376
2140	Interest Payable		58,959			58,959
2165	Accrued Liabilities		541,940			541,940
2177	Due to Fiduciary		39,163			39,163
2300	Unearned Revenue		759,822			759,822
	Noncurrent Liabilities:					
2501	Due Within One Year		1,387,731			1,387,731
2502	Due in More Than One Year		28,948,702			28,948,702
2540	Net Pension Liability		3,738,531			3,738,531
2545	Net OPEB Liability		4,029,868			4,029,868
2000	Total Liabilities		39,945,704		388	 39,946,092
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		564,914			564,914
	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB		2,950,897			2,950,897
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,515,811			 3,515,811
	NET POSITION:					
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets		10,362,334		20,353	10,382,687
3900	Unrestricted		4,546,448		93,464	4,639,912
3000	Total Net Position	\$	14,908,782	\$	113,817	\$ 15,022,599

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

					Program	Revenu	ies
Data						,	Operating
Control				C	harges for	(	Grants and
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions
	Governmental Activities:				•		,
11	Instruction	\$	9,911,404	\$	***	\$	794,268
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		261,342				146,814
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		503,024				19,832
21	Instructional Leadership		258,959				69,432
23	School Leadership		1,281,932		**		12,527
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		748,558				26,998
33	Health Services		263,808				227,391
34	Student Transportation		450,830		**		1,534
35	Food Service		1,206,182		3,688		1,288,658
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		986,336		23,027		10,039
41	General Administration		845,656		225		6,709
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		3,002,753		1,142		12,829
52	Security and Monitoring Services		59,776		125		12,713
53	Data Processing Services		505,514		**		3,370
61	Community Services		6,084				820,886
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		1,076,477				
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		95,888				
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		24,180				24,175
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		117,244				1,476
TG	Total Governmental Activities	***************************************	21,605,947		28,207	_	3,479,651
	Business-type Activities:						
03	Fund 713		11,426		19,000		
TB	Total Business-type Activities		11,426		19,000		
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	21,617,373	\$	47,207	\$	3,479,651

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	General Revenues:
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service
IE	Investment Earnings
GC	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs
MI	Miscellaneous
TR	Total General Revenues
CN	Change in Net Position
NB	Net Position - Beginning
NE	Net Position - Ending

6 7 8

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	_	Business-type Activities	_	Total
\$	(9,117,136)			\$	(9,117,136)
,	(114,528)			•	(114,528)
	(483,192)				(483,192)
	(189,527)				(189,527)
	(1,269,405)				(1,269,405)
	(721,560)				(721,560)
	(36,417)				(36,417)
	(449,296)				(449,296)
	86,164				86,164
	(953,270)				(953,270)
	(838,722)				(838,722)
	(2,988,782)				(2,988,782)
	(46,938)				(46,938)
	(502,144)				(502,144)
	814,802				814,802
	(1,076,477)				(1,076,477)
	(95,888)				(95,888)
	(5)				(5)
	(115,768)				(115,768)
-	(18,098,089)			_	(18,098,089)
			7,574		7,574
-	**		7,574	_	7,574
-	(18,098,089)		7,574	_	(18,090,515)
	7,807,100				7,807,100
	2,608,449		***		2,608,449
	16,853		No too		16,853
	9,209,965				9,209,965
	727,109				727,109
_	20,369,476	_	75		20,369,476
-	2,271,387	_	7,574		2,278,961
	12,637,395		106,243		12,743,638
\$_	14,908,782	\$_	113,817	\$_	15,022,599

# BISHOP CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2021

Data			10		50 Debt		Other		98
Contro	ı		General		Service	c	Sovernmental	G	Total lovernmental
Codes	•		Fund		Fund		Funds	C	Funds
	ASSETS:	~~~			T unu			-	T dilub
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,574,870	\$	1,032,203	\$	1,422,142	\$	13,029,215
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net		291,900		129,414		***		421,314
1240	Due from Other Governments		74		***		168,252		168,326
1260	Due from Other Funds		118,467				**		118,467
1290	Other Receivables		10,839				21		10,860
1410	Unrealized Expenditures		232,018						232,018
1000	Total Assets		11,228,168		1,161,617		1,590,415		13,980,200
	LIABILITIES:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	175,011	\$		\$	186,555	\$	361,566
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		(1,279)				'		(1,279)
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		439,882				34,447		474,329
2170	Due to Other Funds		54,475						54,475
2200	Accrued Expenditures		9,425				3,177		12,602
2300	Unearned Revenue		757,215				2,607		759,822
2000	Total Liabilities		1,434,729				226,786		1,661,515
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
	Deferred Revenue		291,900		129,414				421,314
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	291,900		129,414				421,314
	FUND BALANCES:								
	Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions				**		386,404		386,404
3470	Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations	3					813,795		813,795
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt				1,032,203		***		1,032,203
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance				**		135,426		135,426
	Assigned Fund Balances:								
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance						28,004		28,004
3600	Unassigned		9,501,539						9,501,539
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	9,501,539		1,032,203	_	1,363,629		11,897,371
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow	_		_		_			
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	11,228,168	\$	1,161,617	\$	1,590,415	\$	13,980,200

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2021

Total fund	halances -	governmental	funds l	halance sh	eet
rotta lulio	valatives -	uovennienien	iuiuoi	valance on	

\$ 11,897,371

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	38,961,655
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	421,314
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.	1,709,839
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(28,112,000)
Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(195,777)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(53,046)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds.	667,481
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(3,738,531)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(564,914)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	1,694,155
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.	(2,391,102)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(4,029,868)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(2,950,897)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	1,593,102

Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position

14,908,782

# BISHOP CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

			10		50			98
Data					Debt	Other		Total
Contro			General		Service	Governmental	(	Governmental
Codes	-	_	Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds
	REVENUES:							
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	8,494,272	\$	2,641,129	\$ •	\$	11,284,192
5800	State Program Revenues		10,004,230		25,242	110,321		10,139,793
5900	Federal Program Revenues	_	153,478			2,248,867		2,402,345
5020	Total Revenues	_	18,651,980		2,666,371	2,507,979	_	23,826,330
	EXPENDITURES:							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction		8,334,334			723,080		9,057,414
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		81,798			145,959		227,757
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		448,397			14,777		463,174
0021	Instructional Leadership		175,948			67,953		243,901
0023	School Leadership		1,154,437			2,125		1,156,562
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		659,125			20,287		679,412
0033	Health Services		167,405			72,196		239,601
0034	Student Transportation		329,102		**	<b></b>		329,102
0035	Food Service				***	1,256,794		1,256,794
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		797,465		***	111,011		908,476
0041	General Administration		775,602					775,602
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		2,942,667			31		2,942,698
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		51,613			12,500		64,113
0053	Data Processing Services		461,579					461,579
0061	Community Services		3,643		**	1,964		5,607
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		101,797		1,315,000			1,416,797
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		29,102		1,240,700			1,269,802
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees				5,221			5,221
0081	Capital Outlay		183,003			408,846		591,849
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements				***	24,180		24,180
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		112,788					112,788
6030	Total Expenditures		16,809,805		2,560,921	2,861,703		22,232,429
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
1100	Expenditures		1,842,175		105,450	(353,724)	-	1,593,901
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):							
7913	Issuance of Capital Leases		133,893					133,893
8911	Transfers Out		(455,000)					(455,000)
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(321,107)	_		10-V		(321,107)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		1,521,068	_	105,450	(353,724)		1,272,794
	•				150,150			
	Fund Balances - Beginning		7,980,471		926,753	1,717,353	_	10,624,577
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$_	9,501,539	\$	1,032,203	\$ 1,363,629	\$	11,897,371

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,272,794
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.  The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.  Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.  Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.  Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.  (Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.  The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.  Bond premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.  Proceeds of leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the furthen District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized the District's share of the unrecognized deferred in the SOA but not in the funds.  OPEB contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the OPEB plan was amortized Rounding difference.	nds. zed. NPL.	1,009,803 (1,405,112) (96,476) 1,379,000 37,796 (88,440) 469,654 191,099 (133,893) 317,637 (672,493) 160,176 (170,159)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$	2,271,387

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Contro Codes		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	S	nternal Service Funds
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 93,852	\$	1,316,315
	Receivables:	Ψ 00,00m	Ψ	.,0.0,0.0
1260	Due from Other Funds			54,475
1410	Unrealized Expenses			13,668
	Total Current Assets	93,852		1,384,458
	Noncurrent Assets:			
	Capital Assets:			
1520	Buildings and Improvements	27,927		
1530	Furniture and Equipment			2,031,949
1570	Accumulated Depreciation	(7,574)	(	1,110,132 <u>)</u>
	Total Noncurrent Assets	20,353		921,817
1000	Total Assets	114,205		2,306,275
	LIABILITIES:			
	Current Liabilities:			
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 388	\$	79,422
2130	Capital Leases Payable			105,903
2140	Interest Payable	~**		5,913
2170	Due to Other Funds	**		149,780
2200	Accrued Expenses			56,288
	Total Current Liabilities	388_	************************	397,306
	Noncurrent Liabilities:			
2500	Bonds, Notes and Loans Payable			199,130
	Total Noncurrent Liabilities			199,130
2000	Total Liabilities	388		596,436
0000	NET POSITION:	00.050		040 704
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	20,353		616,784
3900	Unrestricted	93,464		1,093,055
3000	Total Net Position	\$ <u>113,817</u>	\$	1,709,839

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data		١	Vonmajor		Internal
Contro		E	nterprise		Service
Codes			Funds		Funds
	OPERATING REVENUES:			_	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	19,000	\$	1,888,629
5800	State Program Revenues				8,294
5020	Total Revenues		19,000		1,896,923
	OPERATING EXPENSES:				
6100	Payroll Costs		besid		126,504
6200	Professional and Contracted Services		8,532		1,096,023
6300	Supplies and Materials		1,450		48,116
6400	Other Operating Costs		1,444		611,343
6030	Total Expenses		11,426		1,881,986
	Operating Income (Loss)		7,574		14,937
	NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
7951	Gain in Sale of Real and Personal Property		**		4,200
7955	Earnings from Temp. Deposits and Investments				3,227
7956	Insurance Recovery				6,028
8989	Other Non-operating Expenses				(13,738)
8030	Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)				(283)
	Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers		7,574		14,654
7915	Transfers In				455,000
1300	Change in Net Position		7,574	_	469,654
1300	Change in Net Position		7,574		469,654
0100	Total Net Position - Beginning		106,243		1,240,185
3300	Total Net Position - Ending	\$	113,817	\$_	1,709,839

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 19,000 \$	\$
Cash Receipts (Payments) for Quasi-external		
Operating Transactions with Other Funds		3,351,104
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	<del></del>	
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	(13,354)	(3,331,630)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	5,646	19,474
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:		
Proceeds (Payments) from (for) Borrowings		
Transfers From (To) Primary Government		455,000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities	<del></del>	455,000
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from Issuance of Capital Leases		
Principal and Interest Paid		(117,611)
Acquisition or Construction of Capital Assets		(431,842)
Proceeds from Insurance Recovery		6,029
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets		4,200
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital and Related		
Financing Activities	**************************************	(539,224)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest and Dividends on Investments		3,225
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities:	<del></del>	3,225
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,646	(61 505)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	88,206	(61,525) 1,377,840
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 93,852 \$	\$ 1,316,315
•	Ψ 93,032 Φ	φ
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 7,574 \$	\$ 14,937
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash	7,4	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation	1,444	135,906
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	,	,
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		
Decrease (Increase) in Unrealized Expenditures		(1,214)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(3,372)	20,329
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable	***	
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	***	(150,484)
Total Adjustments	(1,928)	4,537
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 5,646 \$	\$ 19,474

# BISHOP CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31 2021

AUGUST 31, 2021	Private-purpose Trust <u>Funds</u>	
Data Control Codes ASSETS:	Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents 1240 Due from Other Governments 1260 Due from Other Funds 1800 Restricted Assets 1000 Total Assets	\$ 1,000   82,738 83,738	\$ 46,590 8,311 39,163  94,064
Current Liabilities: 2110 Accounts Payable 2170 Due to Other Funds 2180 Due to Other Governments 2000 Total Liabilities	\$ 7,850  7,850	\$ 14,670  8,695 23,365
NET POSITION:  3800 Held in Trust  3800 Restricted for Other Purposes  3000 Total Net Position	75,888  \$ <u>75,888</u>	70,699 \$

# BISHOP CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Private Purpose Trusts		Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:			
Investment Income	\$	49 \$	
Net (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments			
Employer Contributions			
Plan Member Contributions			***
Contributions from Foundations, Gifts and Bequests	2,0	00	
Student Group Fundraising Activities			123,885
Total Additions	2,0	49	123,885
DEDUCTIONS: Scholarships Payroll Costs Purchased and Contracted Services Supplies and Materials Other Operating Expenses Total Deductions	3,0		1,258 2,150 81,133 26,380 110,921
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(9:	51)	12,964
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	76,8	39	
Prior Period Adjustment	. 0,0	<del></del>	57,735
Net Position-End of the Year	\$ 75,8	\$_	70,699

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Bishop Consolidated Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Debt Service Fund. This fund accounts for taxes collected for the payment of long term debt, as well as the related expenditures for debt principal and interest and related costs.

The District reports the following major enterprise funds:

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Custodial Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end, with the exception of property taxes which are fully deferred. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

### 3. Financial Statement Amounts

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

### b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2021, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$.87470 and \$.291969 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.1666690 per \$100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2021, were 98.01% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on the rates adopted for the year of the levy.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

The following table shows a schedule of delinquent taxes receivable and the allowance for uncollectible taxes for the District:

	Balance 09/01/20	Current Year Levy		Total Collections		Yearly Adjustments	Balance 08/31/21
Delinquent Taxes	 						
Receivable	\$ 922,601 \$	10,408,851	\$	10,406,520	\$	(46,730)\$	878,202
Allowance for							
Uncollectible Taxes	(404,844)					(52,044)	(456,888)
Net Delinquent							
Taxes Receivable	\$ 517,757 \$	10,408,851	\$_	10,406,520	\$_	(98,774)\$	421,314

### c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

### d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	2-15
Office Equipment	3-15
Computer Equipment	3-15

Impairment losses related to capital assets are recognized and measured when there has been a significant, unexpected decline in the service utility of capital assets. The events or changes in circumstances which lead to impairment determinations are not considered to be normal or ordinary. The service utility of a capital asset is the usable capacity which, at acquisition, was expected to be used or provide service. Common indicators of impairment include - evidence of physics! damage where the level of damage is such that restoration efforts are needed to restore service utility; enactment of laws or approval of regulations as well as changes in environmental factors; technological developments, or other evidence of obsolescence; changes in the manner of duration or use of capital assets; or construction stoppage due to lack of funding. There were no impairment charges during fiscal year 2021.

### e. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide and proprietary Statements of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

### f. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

### g. Compensated Absences

On retirement of certain employees who have been employeed by the District at least five consecutive years, the District pays any accrued sick leave in a lump case payment to such employee at a rate of \$40/day, up to 50 days, not to exceed \$2,000. The amount of this accrual is immaterial and has not been recorded.

# h. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

### i. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

### j. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

### k. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

### I. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

# m. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### 4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# 5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

# 6. Implementation of New Standards

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria generally is on whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. This Statement also establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

### Future Implementation of New Standards

In order to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance is currently in effect to postpone the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 and later.

The effective dates for the following pronouncements are postponed by one year:

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

The effective dates for the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months:

Statement No. 87, Leases

# Compliance and Accountability

# Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of financerelated legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation

None reported

Action Taken Not applicable

# Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Deficit

Fund Name

None reported

Amount Not applicable

Remarks Not applicable

### C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

### 1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$3,492,695 and the bank balance was \$3,850,461. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2021 and during the year ended August 31, 2021, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

### 2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2021 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
TexPool, rated AAAm	N/A	\$ 10,107,530
Lone Star Investment Pool, Rated AAA	N/A	965,563
Total Investments		\$11,073,093

### Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

# c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

# d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

### Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

### Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

# D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended 2021, Bishop Consolidated Independent School District, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:	Dalariood	- HIOICUSCS		Dalaricos
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land \$	639,026 \$	\$	\$	639,026
Construction in progress	5,427,848	118,032	5,236,429	309,451
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,066,874	118,032	5,236,429	948,477
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	47,977,581	5,710,245		53,687,830
Equipment	2,507,985	382,454		2,890,439
Vehicles	1,835,068	467,342	120,746	2,181,664
Total capital assets being depreciated	52,320,634	6,560,041	120,746	58,759,933
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(15,758,533)	(967,571)		(16,726,104)
Equipment	(1,462,846)	(424,774)		(1,887,620)
Vehicles	(1,183,287)	(148,673)	(120,746)	(1,211,214)
Total accumulated depreciation	(18,404,666)	(1,541,018)	(120,746)	(19,824,938)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	33,915,968	5,019,023		38,934,995
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$_	39,982,842 \$	5,137,055 \$	5,236,429 \$	39,883,472

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	27,927	VE AN		27,927
Total capital assets being depreciated	27,927			27,927
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(6,130)	(1,444)		(7,574)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,130)	(1,444)		(7,574)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	21,797	(1,444)	**	20,353
Business-type activities capital assets, net \$	21,797 \$	(1,444)\$	hi wi	\$ 20,353

# Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 726,797
Instructional Resources and Media Services	18,898
Curriculum and Staff Development	36,963
Instructional Leadership	19,710
School Leadership	92,299
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	54,220
Health Services	19,121
Student Transportation	162,170
Food Services	107,226
Extracurricular Activities	71,689
General Administration	61,911
Plant Maintenance and Operations	127,614
Security and Monitoring Services	5.117
Data Processing Services	36,836
Community Services	447
·	\$ 1,541,018

# E. Interfund Balances and Activities

# 1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at 2021, Bishop Consolidated Independent School District, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund General Fund Interrnal Service Fund Trust & Agency Funds	Internal Service Funds Trust & Agency Funds General Fund Internal Service Funds Total	\$ 110,617 7,850 54,475 39,163 \$ 212,105	Short-term loans Short-term loans Short-term loans

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

# 2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at 2021, Bishop Consolidated Independent School District, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount		Reason
General fund	Internal Service Fund Total	\$_ \$_	455,000 455,000	Supplement other funds sources

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

# F. Long-Term Obligations

# Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended 2021, Bishop Consolidated Independent School District, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	lno	creases		Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	 						
Tax School Building Bonds	\$ 29,491,000 \$			\$	1,379,000 \$	28,112,000 \$	1,210,000
Premium on Bonds	2,582,202				191,100	2,391,102	
Deferred Loss on							
Refunding Bonds	(758,148)		**		(90,667)	(667,481)	
Capital leases	506,649		133,893	3	139,731	500,811	177,731
Net Pension Liability *	3,729,542		297,000	)	288,011	3,738,531	
Net OPEB Liability *	4,810,995		(700,533	3)	80,594	4,029,868	M-
Total governmental activities	\$ 40,362,240 \$		(269,640	)) \$	1,987,769 \$	38,104,831 \$	1,387,731

<sup>\*</sup> Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability Net Pension Liability * Net OPEB Liability *	Activity Type Governmental Governmental	Fund General General			
Bonded debt consists of the fo	llowing:		<del></del>	2021	2020
2018 Unlimited Tax School Re with payments of \$941,720 to \$5.0%, maturing February 15, 20	\$901,000 including		\$	13,200,000 \$	13,440,000
2016 Unlimited Tax Refunding principal payments of \$375,000 4%, maturing August 31, 2034		6,225,000	6,600,000		
2017 Unlimited Tax School Re interest only at 2% till August 1 ranging from \$520,000 to \$685 plus interest at 4.00%, maturing		7,365,000	7,365,000		
2009 Unlimited Tax School Borpayments ranging from \$605,0 4.75%, maturing August 15, 20		505,000	1,205,000		
2017 Maintenance Tax Notes pranging from \$86,477 to \$86,16 August 15, 2032				817,000	881,000
Premium on Bonds Deferred Loss on Refunding				28,112,000 2,391,102 (667,481)	29,491,000 2,582,202 (758,148)
Total Due in More than One Ye	ear ·	Add Capital Leases Less Current Portion	\$	29,835,621 500,811 (1,387,731) 28,948,701 \$	31,315,054 506,649 (1,516,159) 30,305,544

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

# 2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at 2021, Bishop Consolidated Independent School District, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Year Ending 2021.	Principal	Interest	Total		
2021	\$ 1,210,000 \$	1,212,929 \$	2,422,929		
2022	1,247,000	1,169,352	2,416,352		
2023	1,294,000	1,124,423	2,418,423		
2024	1,335,000	1,077,745	2,412,745		
2025	1,387,000	1,029,587	2,416,587		
2026-2030	7,735,000	4,242,436	11,977,436		
2031-2035	5,914,000	2,632,018	8,546,018		
2036-2037	2,765,000	1,734,750	4,499,750		
2041-2045	3,530,000	970,250	4,500,250		
2046-2049	1,695,000	106,750	1,801,750		
Totals	\$ 28,112,000 \$	15,300,240 \$	43,412,240		

# 3. Advance Refunding of Debt

The District issued \$6,630,000 Bishop Consolidated Independent School District Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2016 in March of 2016. The District refunded \$6,865,000 of the 2008 bond issue that was outstanding at August 31, 2016. The interest rate of the refunding bonds ranges from 3.0% to 4.0%. The refunding bonds are anticipated to generate a gross saving to the District of \$677,637 and present value savings of \$568,854.

The District issued \$7,405,000 Bishop Consolidated Independent School District Unlimited Tax Bonds Series 2017 in March of 2017. The District refunded \$7,600,000 of the 2009 bond issue that was outstanding at August 31, 2017. The interest rate of the refunding bonds ranges from 2.0% to 4.0%. The refunding bonds are anticipated to generate a gross saving to the District of \$914,041 and present value savings of \$739,477.

GASB Statement No. 7, "Advance Refundings Resulting in Defeasance of Debt," provides that refunded debt and assets placed in escrow for the payment of related debt service be excluded from the financial statements. As of 2021, Bishop Consolidated Independent School District, outstanding balances of bond issues that have been refunded and defeased in-substance by placing existing assets and the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments are as follows.

Bond Issue	Amount
Series 2009 - called 8/15/19	be wi
Total	

### 4. Capital Leases

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of 2021, Bishop Consolidated Independent School District, as follows:

Year Ending 2021:	Go	vernmental
2022	\$	195,109
2023		195,109
2024		155,279
2025		33,310
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	578,807
Less Amount Representing Interest		77,996
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$	500,811

The effective interest rate on capital leases ranges from 3.39% to 4.594%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

### G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The District operates a risk management program for life and health, workers compensation, and state unemployment insurance claims. The District funds each plan 100% during the year, and has no additional funding liability. Any unused funds in the group health and workers compensation plans at year-end are available for carryover to the next operating year. Interfund premiums are paid into the Internal Service Fund and treated as charges for services and are available to pay claims and administrative costs of the program.

### Health Care

The District contracts with an insurance company to provide the District with a minimum premium group health plan and to administer the plan. The plan provides that the District's liability for individual claims is limited to \$50,000 and the aggregate claims are limited to the aggregate maximum which was \$1,571,021 for 2021 and \$1,487,936 for 2020. Settlements did exceed insurance coverages during the current year.

All funds of the District participate in the program and make payments to the Self-Insurance Fund based on estimates of amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The claims liability of \$56,288 at August 31, 2021 is based on requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund claims liability amounts for fiscal year 2021 and 2020 were:

		Current-Year			
	Beginning-of	Claims and			Balance at
	Fiscal-Year	Changes in		Claim	Fiscal
	Liability	Estimates		Payments	Year-End
2021	\$ 206,772 \$	918,003	\$	1,068,487	56,288
2020	45,951	965,667	•	804,846	206,772

During the year ended August 31, 2021, employees of the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$400 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District and the third party administrator is renewable September 1, 2021, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions. Latest financial statements for the Healthcare Benefits, Inc., are available for the year ended December 31, 2020. They have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

### Workers Compensation

The District contracts with an insurance company to provide the District with a minimum premium workers compensation plan and with Claims Administration Service, Inc., to manage the plan. The fixed cost of the plan was \$39,983 for the year ended August 31, 2021, and \$33,516 in 2020, and estimated claims of \$76,641 and \$57,973 were recorded as a liability at August 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. The maximum fund loss is \$76,754 and \$64,340 for 2021 and 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

# Unemployment

During the year ended August 31, 2021, Bishop CISD provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduce an independent financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance in Austin.

### H. Pension Plan

### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

# 2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr\_2020.pdf, selecting About TRS or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their) beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided are determined by the System's actuary.

In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for the gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

### Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

	Contribution Rates		
		2020	2021
Member		7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)		6.8%	7.5%
Employers		6.8%	7.5%
District's 2021 Employer Contributions	\$	311,957	
District's 2021 Member Contributions	\$	833,323	
2020 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state	e) \$	615,099	•

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code. During a new member's first 90
- --- During a new member's first 90 day of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- --- When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non(OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2020.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- --- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.5 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2020, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

# 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2019 rolled forward to

August 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method
Single Discount Rate
Cong-term expected Investment Rate of Return
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period
Inflation

Market Value
7.25%
2.35%
2.33%
2.33%
2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2019. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 14, 2019.

# 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2020 are summarized below:

Asset Class			Long-Term	Expected
Target Allocation * Return ** Returns			Expected	Contribution to
Asset Class			Arithmetic	Long-Term
Signature   Sign		Target	Real Rate of	Portfolio
USA         18.00%         3.90%         0.99%           Non-U.S. Developed         13.00%         5.10%         0.92%           Emerging Markets         9.00%         5.60%         0.83%           Private Equity         14.00%         6.70%         1.41%           Stable Value         6.00%         (0.70)%         (0.05)%           Stable Value Hedge Funds         5.00%         1.90%         0.11%           Real Return         8.00%         1.00%         1.01%           Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure         6.00%         6.00%         0.42%           Risk Parity         8.00%         3.00%         0.30%           Leverage         Cash         2.00%         1.50%         (0.03)%           Asset Allocation Leverage         (6.00%)         1.30%         0.08%           Inflation Expectation         2.00%         1.30%         0.06%           Volatility Drag ***         -         (0.67)%	Asset Class	Allocation *	Return **	Returns
Non-U.S. Developed         13.00%         5.10%         0.92%           Emerging Markets         9.00%         5.60%         0.83%           Private Equity         14.00%         6.70%         1.41%           Stable Value         6.70%         1.41%           Government Bonds         16.00%         (0.70)%         (0.05)%           Stable Value Hedge Funds         5.00%         1.90%         0.11%           Real Return         15.00%         4.60%         1.01%           Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure         6.00%         6.00%         0.42%           Risk Parity         8.00%         3.00%         0.30%           Leverage         Cash         2.00%         1.50%         (0.03)%           Asset Allocation Leverage         (6.00%)         1.30%         0.08%           Inflation Expectation         2.00%         0.67)%         0.67)%	Global Equity			
Emerging Markets         9.00%         5.60%         0.83%           Private Equity         14.00%         6.70%         1.41%           Stable Value         6.70%         1.41%           Government Bonds         16.00%         (0.70)%         (0.05)%           Stable Value Hedge Funds         5.00%         1.90%         0.11%           Real Return         15.00%         4.60%         1.01%           Real Estate         15.00%         6.00%         0.42%           Risk Parity         8.00%         3.00%         0.30%           Leverage         Cash         2.00%         1.50%         (0.03)%           Asset Allocation Leverage         (6.00%)         1.30%         0.08%           Inflation Expectation         2.00%         0.67)%         0.67)%	USA	18.00%	3.90%	0.99%
Private Equity       14.00%       6.70%       1.41%         Stable Value       16.00%       (0.70)%       (0.05)%         Stable Value Hedge Funds       5.00%       1.90%       0.11%         Real Return       15.00%       4.60%       1.01%         Real Estate       15.00%       6.00%       0.42%         Risk Parity       8.00%       3.00%       0.30%         Leverage       2.00%       1.50%       (0.03)%         Asset Allocation Leverage       (6.00%)       1.30%       0.08%         Inflation Expectation       2.00%       0.67)%	Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	5.10%	0.92%
Stable Value       16.00%       (0.70)%       (0.05)%         Stable Value Hedge Funds       5.00%       1.90%       0.11%         Real Return       15.00%       4.60%       1.01%         Real Estate       15.00%       6.00%       0.42%         Risk Parity       8.00%       3.00%       0.30%         Leverage       2.00%       1.50%       (0.03)%         Asset Allocation Leverage       (6.00%)       1.30%       0.08%         Inflation Expectation       2.00%       0.67)%	Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.60%	0.83%
Government Bonds         16.00%         (0.70)%         (0.05)%           Stable Value Hedge Funds         5.00%         1.90%         0.11%           Real Return         15.00%         4.60%         1.01%           Real Estate         15.00%         6.00%         0.42%           Risk Parity         8.00%         3.00%         0.30%           Leverage         Cash         2.00%         1.50%         (0.03)%           Asset Allocation Leverage         (6.00%)         1.30%         0.08%           Inflation Expectation         2.00%         0.67)%         0.67)%	Private Equity	14.00%	6.70%	1.41%
Stable Value Hedge Funds       5.00%       1.90%       0.11%         Real Return       15.00%       4.60%       1.01%         Real Estate       15.00%       6.00%       0.42%         Risk Parity       8.00%       3.00%       0.30%         Leverage       2.00%       1.50%       (0.03)%         Asset Allocation Leverage       (6.00%)       1.30%       0.08%         Inflation Expectation       2.00%       0.67)%	Stable Value			
Real Return       15.00%       4.60%       1.01%         Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure       6.00%       6.00%       0.42%         Risk Parity       8.00%       3.00%       0.30%         Leverage       2.00%       1.50%       (0.03)%         Asset Allocation Leverage       (6.00%)       1.30%       0.08%         Inflation Expectation       2.00%       0.67)%	Government Bonds	16.00%	(0.70)%	(0.05)%
Real Estate       15.00%       4.60%       1.01%         Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure       6.00%       6.00%       0.42%         Risk Parity       8.00%       3.00%       0.30%         Leverage       2.00%       1.50%       (0.03)%         Asset Allocation Leverage       (6.00%)       1.30%       0.08%         Inflation Expectation       2.00%       0.67)%         Volatility Drag ***       -       (0.67)%	Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	1.90%	0.11%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure         6.00%         6.00%         0.42%           Risk Parity         8.00%         3.00%         0.30%           Leverage         2.00%         1.50%         (0.03)%           Asset Allocation Leverage         (6.00%)         1.30%         0.08%           Inflation Expectation         2.00%         0.67)%	Real Return			
Risk Parity       8.00%       3.00%       0.30%         Leverage       2.00%       1.50%       (0.03)%         Cash       2.00%       1.30%       0.08%         Inflation Expectation       2.00%       0.06%         Volatility Drag ***       -       (0.67)%	Real Estate	15.00%	4.60%	1.01%
Risk Parity         8.00%         3.00%         0.30%           Leverage         Cash         2.00%         1.50%         (0.03)%           Asset Allocation Leverage         (6.00%)         1.30%         0.08%           Inflation Expectation         2.00%           Volatility Drag ***         -         (0.67)%	Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.00%	6.00%	0.42%
Leverage         2.00%         1.50%         (0.03)%           Asset Allocation Leverage         (6.00%)         1.30%         0.08%           Inflation Expectation         2.00%           Volatility Drag ***         -         (0.67)%	Risk Parity			
Cash         2.00%         1.50%         (0.03)%           Asset Allocation Leverage         (6.00%)         1.30%         0.08%           Inflation Expectation         2.00%           Volatility Drag ***         -         (0.67)%	Risk Parity	8.00%	3.00%	0.30%
Asset Allocation Leverage         (6.00%)         1.30%         0.08%           Inflation Expectation         2.00%           Volatility Drag ***         -         (0.67)%	Leverage			
Inflation Expectation 2.00% Volatility Drag *** - (0.67)%	Cash	2.00%	1.50%	(0.03)%
Volatility Drag *** (0.67)%	Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.00%)	1.30%	0.08%
	Inflation Expectation			
Total 100.0% 7.33%	Volatility Drag ***	-		(0.67)%
	Total	100.0%		7.33%

<sup>\*</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY2020 policy model.

# 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using a discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

	1%		1%
	Decrease in	Discount	Increase in
	Discount Rate	Rate	Discount Rate
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
District's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability:	\$ <u>5,764,748</u> \$_	3,738,531 \$	2,092,274

Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2020)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$3,738,531 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 3,738,531
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 7,984,315
Total	\$ 11,722,846

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and rolled forward to August 31, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 through August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0069803464 percent which was an increase (decrease) of -0.00019418 percent from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$960,336 and revenue of \$960,336 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	6,826 \$	104,332
Changes in actuarial assumptions		867,472	368,843
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		75,683	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		432,217	91,739
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		311,957	
Total	\$	1,694,155 \$_	564,914

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Pension Expens	e Amount
2022	\$	227,276
2023	\$	251,100
2024	\$	246,885
2025	\$	122,153
2026	\$	(25,282)
Thereafter	\$	(4.848)

# I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

### 2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr\_2020.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698.

# 3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Mo	nthly Pren	nium Rates		***************************************
		Medicare	Non-l	Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse				
and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

### 4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in State Statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates	
	Rate
Active Employee	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%
Employers	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding *	1.25%
Total  * Contributions paid from federal funds and private grants are remitted by the employer and paid at the State rate.	

District's 2021 Employer Contributions	\$ 83,890
District's 2021 Member Contributions	\$ 70,346
2020 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 108,271

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB Program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$230.8 million in fiscal year 2020 to maintain premiums and benefit levels in the 2020-2021 biennium.

# 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2019. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

> including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

> The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2019 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2020:

Rates of Mortality

General Inflation

Rates of Retirement

Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination

Salary Increases

Rates of Disability

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2019 rolled forward to August 31, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Discount Rate	2.33% as of August 31, 2020
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the
	delivery of health care benefits are included in
	the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Healthcare Trend Rates	4.50% to 4.25%
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age
	65 and 45% participation after age 65.
Ad Hoc Post-Employment	
Benefit Changes	None

# Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.33 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This was a decrease of .30 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a pay-as-you-go plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2020 using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

# Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percentage point lower than and 1 percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (2.33%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

 1% Decrease in Discount Rate
 Current Single Discount Rate
 1% Increase in Discount Rate

 (1.33%)
 (2.33%)
 (3.33%)

 \$ 4,835,833
 4,029,868
 3,393,272

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability

 OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$172,728 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability \$ 4,029,868
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District \$ 5,415,177

Total \$ 9,445,045

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and rolled forward to August 31, 2020 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2021 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0106008675%, compared to .0101731211% at August 21, 2020.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1 percent less than and 1 percent greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend I	Healthcare Trend	Healthcare Trend
	Rate	Rate	Rate
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 3,291,886	\$ 4,029,868	\$ 5,012,756

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- --- The discount rate was changed from 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- --- The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50 percent to 40 percent. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability
- --- The ultimate health care trend assumption was lowered from 4.50 percent to 4.25 percent as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was \$(37,601).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

At August 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	0	Deferred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	211,002 \$	1,844,274
Changes in actuarial assumptions		248,559	1,106,623
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		1,392	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		1,048,341	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date Total	ф <sup></sup>	83,890 1.593,184 \$	2,950,897
i Otal	Φ	<u>1,080,104</u> φ	Z <sub>1</sub> 330 <sub>1</sub> 031

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	OPEB Expense Amount
2022	\$ (263,921)
2023	\$ (264,096)
2024	\$ (264,198)
2025	\$ (264,172)
2026	\$ (156,531)
Thereafter	\$ (228,767)

For the year ended August 31, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(37,601) and revenue of \$(37,601) for support provided by the State.

### 10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2021, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was \$49,275.

### J. Commitments and Contingencies

# 1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

### 2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2021.

# K. Subsequent Events

Management has reviewed subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date through December 16, 2021 (the date of the Audit Report). The financial statements include all Type I events or transactions, including estimates, required to be recognized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Management and those charged with governance have determined that there are no non-recognized Type II subsequent events that require additional disclosure:

### L. COVID-19

In November of 2019, the United States learned of the virus known as COVID-19. Over the last year, it has changed the dynamics of the economy including the New York Stock Exchange, which has remained volatile.

The District and its Board of Trustees have no control over these global and national events, except to try to guide the District through these condition they present. These conditions may include, but may not be limited to:

- 1. Unstable economic environment
- 2. Potentially violent fluctuations in the stock market
- 3. Potential shortages of basic goods and services
- 4. Managing any loss of revenue and unexpected expenditures that may occur

As of the audit date, the District has had no material effect on the financial statements as a result of these conditions.

### M. Concentration of Risk

The District is located within Nueces County, Texas and it derives approximately 50% of all revenue from property taxes and related penalties and interest. The District's top ten taxpayers have a total taxable property value of \$622,091,880 or 69.22% of the total property tax value of 898,767,162. The top taxpayer is in wind energy, and the second top taxpayer is a chemical and plastics plant that has been in operation since 1946. The other top eight are in the fields of transportation, utilities and oil and gas.

		Percent of Total
Taxpayer	Taxable Value	Taxable Value
Avangrid Renewables, LLc	\$ 233,946,650	26.03%
Celanese LTD	204,717,630	22.78%
Ticona Polymers Inc.	79,280,850	8.82%
BASF Corp.	34,148,500	3.80%
AEP Texas Central Co.	23,588,450	2.62%
Valley Crossing Pipeline LLC	14,297,920	1.59%
Oxea Bishop LLC	14,144,270	1.57%
Kinder Morgan Tejas PL, LP	6,180,300	0.69%
Union Pacific RR Company	6,066,970	0.68%
Net Mexio Pipeline LP	5,720,340	0.64%
Total Top Ten	\$622,091,880	69.22%
·		
Total All Taxpayers	\$ 898,767,162	100.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

# N. Workers Compensation Fund - Changes in Liability

	1996 - 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total
Unpaid Claims at 9/1:	\$9,462	\$4,505	\$37,716	\$6,290	e= 4+	\$57,973
Incurred Claims: Provision for insured events of the						
current year Increases in provision for insured events	<b></b>				25,830	\$25,830
of the prior year	(2,048)	433	7,529	(1,365)		\$4,549
Total Incurred Claims	(2,048)	433	7,529	(1,365)	25,830	30,379
Payments: Claims attributable to insured events of					5040	<b>A M A A</b>
the current year Claims attributable to insured events of				~~	5,240	\$5,240
the prior year	162	784	3,755	1,770	**	\$6,471
Total Payments	162	784_	3,755	1,770	5,240	11,711
Total Unpaid Claims at 8/31:*	\$7,252	\$4,154	\$41,490	\$3,155	\$20,590	\$76,641
* Minimum amount to be encumbered Calculation of this amount allows for estimated claims Incurred But Not Reported of:		\$2,252	\$6.421	\$1,809	\$9,285	\$32,103_
nepoited of:	काट,०७७	<b>Φ</b> ζ,2 <b>0</b> Z	\$6,421	φι,συ9	<b>⊉</b> ∀,∠85	

# O. Economic Dependency

The District receives a significant portion of its revenue from pass-through funds of federal grants. The District operated during the fiscal year under three major sources of funds. The grant amounts are appropriated each year at the federal level. If significant budget cuts are made at the federal and/or state level, the amount of funds the District receives could be reduced significantly and could have an adverse impact on its operations.



	Required Supp	elementary Info	rmation	
Required supplementary information Accounting Standards Board but	mation includes financi t not considered a part of	al information and di f the basic financial stat	isclosures required tements.	by the Governmental

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 1 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control		Budgete	d Amounts		Positive
Codes	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
5700 5800	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$ 8,086,806 9,735,720	\$ 8,236,806 10,235,720	\$ 8,494,272 10,004,230	\$ 257,466 (231,490)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	75,000	150,000	153,478	3,478
5020	Total Revenues	17,897,526	18,622,526	18,651,980	29,454
	EXPENDITURES: Current:				
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:				
0011	Instruction	8,947,501	8,947,501	8,334,334	613,167
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	88,348	113,348	81,798	31,550
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	439,063	464,063	448,397	15,666
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	9,474,912	9,524,912	8,864,529	660,383
0001	Instructional and School Leadership:	101 100	100 100	175.040	10.040
0021 0023	Instructional Leadership School Leadership	164,190 1,151,808	189,190 1,191,808	175,948 1,154,437	13,242 37,371
0023	Total Instructional and School Leadership	1,315,998	1,380,998	1,330,385	50,613
	rotal motivotional and control Ecadership	1,010,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	00,013
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):				
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	642,373	692,373	659,125	33,248
0033	Health Services	155,646	180,646	167,405	13,241
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	768,204	422,204	329,102	93,102
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	799,722	824,722	797,465	27,257
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	2,365,945	2,119,945	1,953,097	166,848
	Administrative Support Services:				
0041	General Administration	800,126	825,126	775,602	49,524
0011	Total Administrative Support Services	800,126	825,126	775,602	49,524
	,				
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:				
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	3,176,381	5,229,921	2,942,667	2,287,254
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	53,400	78,400	51,613	26,787
0053	Data Processing Services	469,764	494,764	461,579	33,185
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	3,699,545	5,803,085	3,455,859	2,347,226
	Ancillary Services:				
0061	Community Services		25,000	3,643	21,357
	Total Ancillary Services		25,000	3,643	21,357
					<del> </del>
	Debt Service:				
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	113,000	113,000	101,797	11,203
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Debt Service	18,000	43,000	29,102	13,898
	Total Debt Service	131,000	156,000	130,899	25,101
	Capital Outlay:				
0081	Capital Outlay		400,000	183,003	216,997
	Total Capital Outlay		400,000	183,003	216,997
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	110,000	120,000	112,788	7,212
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	110,000	120,000	112,788	7,212
6030	Total Expenditures	17,897,526	20,355,066	16,809,805	3,545,261

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control		1 Budgete	d An	2 nounts		3		ariance with Final Budget Positive
Codes	_	 Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
1100	Expenditures	 	_	(1,732,540)	_	1,842,175	_	3,574,715
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
7913	Issuance of Capital Leases			134,000		133,893		(107)
8911	Transfers Out			(455,000)		(455,000)		` ´
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 	_	(321,000)		(321,107)	-	(107)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	 	_	(2,053,540)		1,521,068		3,574,608
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	 5,918,358		5,918,358		7,980,471		2,062,113
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,918,358	\$	3,864,818	\$	9,501,539	\$	5,636,721

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

	2014	0.0036172000%	966,204	4,251,525	5,217,729	7,209,175	13.40%	83.25%
	2015	0.0063288000%	2,237,147 \$	4,981,350	7,218,497 \$	7,439,682 \$	30.07%	78.43%
	2016	0.0059231666%	2,238,277 \$	5,092,183	7,330,460 \$	7,531,806 \$	29.72%	78.00%
Measurement Year Ended August 31	2017	0.0058126883%	1,858,585 \$	4,145,684	6,004,269 \$	7,597,182 \$	24.46%	82.17%
Measureme	2018	0.0060415935%	3,325,440 \$	7,119,490	10,444,930 \$	8,068,887 \$	41.21%	73.74%
	2019	0.0071745244%	3,729,542 \$	7,075,978	10,805,520 \$	9,259,645 \$	40.28%	75.24%
	2020	0.0069803464%	3,738,531 \$	7,984,315	11,722,846	10,288,549 \$	36.34%	75.54%
1	1		↔		₩	↔		e D
		District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	Total	District's covered-employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

	2015	187,398	(187,398)		7,439,682	2.52%
	2016	188,194 \$	(188,194)	\$	7,531,806 \$	2.50%
	2017	190,506 \$	(190,506)	\$	7,597,182 \$	2.51%
Fiscal Year	2018	203,634 \$	(203,634)	*	8,068,887 \$	2.52%
Ŗ	2019	251,118 \$	(251,118)	\$	9,259,645 \$	2.71%
	2020	285,245 \$	(285,245)	<del>\$</del>	10,288,549 \$	2.77%
	2021	311,957 \$	(311,957)	₩ ₩	10,822,379 \$	2.88%
		↔		ω	€9	
		Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	District's covered-employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroil

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81.2.b requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's current fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date of September 1, 2019 - August 31, 2021.

**EXHIBIT G-4** 

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

		Measurement Year Ended August 31,				
	_	2020	2019	2018	2017	
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.0106008675%	0.0101731211%	0.0090762279%	0.0084015976%	
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	4,029,868 \$	4,810,995 \$	4,531,844 \$	3,653,540	
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability		h	0.000 704 0	7,000,554,\$	0.400.040	
associated with the District Total	\$ \$_	5,415,177 \$ 9,445,045 \$	6,392,734 \$ 11,203,729 \$	7,068,554 \$ 11,600,398 \$	6,162,242 9,815,782	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,288,549 \$	9,259,645 \$	8,068,887 \$	7,597,182	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		39.17%	56.16%	56.16%	48.09%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%	

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

**EXHIBIT G-5** 

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,				
	 2021	2020	2019	2018	
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$ 83,890 \$	80,026 \$	72,201 \$	62,613	
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution  Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (83,890) \$	(80,026)	(72,201)	(62,613)	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,822,379 \$	9,259,645 \$	9,259,645 \$	8,068,887	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.78%	0.86%	0.78%	0.78%	

<sup>\*</sup> This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

### Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are refleted in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

### Defined Benefit Pension Plan

### Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

### Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

# Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

### Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

# Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

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SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

	1	2	3
Year Ended August 31	Ta Maintenance	ax Rates  Debt Service	Assessed/Appraised Value For School Tax Purposes
2012 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$ Various	\$ Various
2013	1.0392	.5166	459,134,420
2014	1.0392	.4934	474,361,315
2015	1.0392	.4934	493,099,960
2016	1.0392	.3671	499,993,817
2017	1.0392	.3601	498,973,343
2018	1.0392	.3201	538,300,512
2019	1.0392	.465	585,614,859
2020	.9692	.394	622,899,613
2021 (School Year Under Audit)	.8747	.292	898,767,162

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

 10 Beginning Balance 9/1/20	 20 Current Year's Total Levy	 31 Maintenance Collections	_	32 Debt Service Collections	_	40 Entire Year's Adjustments		50 Ending Balance 8/31/21
\$ 189,820	\$ 	\$ 5,791	\$	1,993	\$	(4,515)	\$	177,521
38,877		585		288		(1,114)		36,890
41,906		859		408		(1,095)		39,544
45,835	<b></b>	2,294		1,086		(1,101)		41,354
57,739	M-17	6,665		2,354		(1,032)		47,688
88,032		11,981		4,152		(1,752)		70,147
92,282		14,430		4,445		(73)		73,334
146,687		31,537		14,111		4,480		105,519
221,423		67,760		27,546		(1,543)		124,574
	10,369,866	7,653,536		2,554,699				161,631
\$ 922,601	\$ 10,369,866	\$ 7,795,438	\$_	2,611,082	\$_	(7,745)	\$_	878,202
\$ <del></del>	\$ **	\$ 	\$	H-M	\$		\$	

**EXHIBIT J-2** 

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

			1		2		3	١	/ariance with
Data									Final Budget
Control		Budgeted Amounts							Positive
Codes	_		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:			-					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	129,060	\$	129,060	\$	3,687	\$	(125,373)
5800	State Program Revenues		4,500		4,500		5,578		1,078
5900	Federal Program Revenues		1,163,208		1,163,209		1,283,080		119,871
5020	Total Revenues		1,296,768		1,296,769		1,292,345		(4,424)
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Services		1,245,026		1,296,769		1,256,794		39,975
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		1,245,026		1,296,769		1,256,794		39,975
6030	Total Expenditures	_	1,245,026		1,296,769	_	1,256,794		39,975
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			_	.,		.,	-	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures		51,742				35,551		35,551
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	*****	51,742		bil esg		35,551		35,551
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		346,135		346,135		346,135		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	397,877	\$	346,135	\$	381,686	\$	35,551
	<del>-</del>					-		- ===	

**EXHIBIT J-3** 

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

			1		2		3	V	ariance with
Data								F	inal Budget
Control			Budgete	d An	nounts				Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual	1	(Negative)
	REVENUES:							****	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	2,538,177	\$	2,538,177	\$	2,641,129	\$	102,952
5800	State Program Revenues		30,000		30,000		25,242		(4,758)
5020	Total Revenues	_	2,568,177		2,568,177	_	2,666,371		98,194
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		1,317,659		1,317,659		1,315,000		2,659
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,242,541		1,243,359		1,240,700		2,659
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		·		7,159		5,221		1,938
	Total Debt Service		2,560,200		2,568,177		2,560,921		7,256
6030	Total Expenditures	_	2,560,200	_	2,568,177	_	2,560,921		7,256
	, old, miles in a constant of		2,000,200		2,000,177		2,000,021		7,200
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures		7,977				105,450		105,450
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		7,977	_			105,450	_	105,450
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		926,753		926,753		926,753		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	934,730	\$	926,753	\$	1,032,203	\$	105,450
2300		Ψ	554,700	Ψ_	010,700	Ψ	1,002,200	Ψ	100,400

## JOHN WOMACK & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN L. WOMACK, CPA MARGARET KELLY, CPA P.O. BOX 1147 KINGSVILLE, TEXAS 78364 (361) 592-2671 FAX (361) 592-1411

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Bishop Consolidated Independent School District 719 East Sixth Street Bishop, Texas 78343

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bishop Consolidated Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2021.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION, AICPA DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

John Womack & Company, P.C.

Kingsville, TX December 16, 2021

## JOHN WOMACK & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JOHN L. WOMACK, CPA MARGARET KELLY, CPA P.O. BOX 1147 KINGSVILLE, TEXAS 78364 (361) 592-2671 FAX (361) 592-1411

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Bishop Consolidated Independent School District 719 East Sixth Street Bishop, Texas 78343

Members of the Board of Trustees:

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2021. Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's compliance.



PRIVATE COMPANIES PRACTICE SECTION, AICPA DIVISION FOR CPA FIRMS

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2021.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bishop Consolidated Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

John Womack & Company, P.C.

Kingsville, TX December 16, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

# A. Summary of Auditor's Results

	1.	Financial Statements					
		Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified				
		Internal control over financial reporting:	control over financial reporting:				
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?	Yes	X	No	
		One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material w		Yes	X_	None Reported	
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	X_	No	
	2.	Federal Awards					
		Internal control over major programs:					
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?	Yes	_X	No	
		One or more significant deficiencies are not considered to be material w		Yes	X_	None Reported	
		Type of auditor's report issued on comp major programs:	liance for	Unmodified			
		Version of compliance supplement used	upplement used in audit:				
		Any audit findings disclosed that are req reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?	ce with Title 2 U.S. Code of		X	No	
		Identification of major programs:					
		CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Pr	ogram or Cluster			
		10.553, 10.555	Food Service Cluste	er			
		Dollar threshold used to distinguish betw type A and type B programs:	veen	\$750,000			
		Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X Yes		No	
В.	Fina	ancial Statement Findings					
	ION	NE					
C.	Fed	eral Award Findings and Questioned Cos	ets				
	NOI	NE					

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

		Management's Explanation				
Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	If Not Implemented				
		-				
There were no findings or questioned costs in the prior year.						

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

There are no findings or questioned costs in the current year.

EXHIBIT K-1 Page 1 of 2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Agriculture  Passed Through State Department of Education:     School Breakfast Program     USDA Emergency Operating Costs     National School Lunch Program     Total CFDA Number 10.555  Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.555	71401101 178-902 71301101	\$ 	\$ 441,762 20,651 703,636 724,287 1,166,049 1,166,049
FOOD DISTRIBUTION CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: Commodity Supplemental Food Program Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Non-cash) Total CFDA Number 10.565 Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Food Distribution Cluster	10.565 10.565	178-902 178-902		2,911 114,121 117,032 117,032 117,032 117,032
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Education  Passed Through State Department of Education:  IDEA-Part B, Formula  IDEA-Part B, Formula  IDEA-Part B, Formula  Total CFDA Number 84.027  IDEA-Part B, Preschool  IDEA-Part B, Preschool  Total CFDA Number 84.173  Total Passed Through State Department of Education  Total U. S. Department of Education  Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027 84.027 84.027 84.173 84.173	206600011789 216600011789 226600011789 206610011789 216610011789	90 90  90	11,427 242,238 6,974 260,639 4,222 3,021 7,243 267,882 267,882 267,882
OTHER PROGRAMS:				
U. S. Department of Education Direct Program: Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	206801011789	90	14,150
Passed Through State Department of Education:  ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs  ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs  ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs  Total CFDA Number 84.010a	84.010a 84.010a 84.010a	216101011789 226101011789	90	39,236 290,542 9,848 339,626
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grant ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Total CFDA Number 84.367a	84.048 84.367a 84.367a	214200061789 206945011789 2169450117		18,998 7,400 \$ 31,894 \$ 39,294

EXHIBIT K-1 Page 2 of 2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
		Pass-		
		Through		
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Entity	Passed	
Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying	Through to	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
LEP - Summer School	84.369A	69551802		
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	2068010117890	)	14,150
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	2168010117890	)	15,099
Total CFDA Number 84.424A				29,249
Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act	- <i>ESS</i> Ł84.425d	2052100117890	) "	227,924
ESSER Fund III of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021	84.425D	2152800117890	)	20,802
ESSER Fund III of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021	84.425D	2152800117890	)	11,402
ESSER Fund II of the CRRSA Act	84.425D	2142800117890	)	10,610
Total CFDA Number 84.425d				270,738
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			***	683,755
Total U. S. Department of Education			20 W	697,905
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		\$	**	\$ 2,248,868

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Bishop Consolidated Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Bishop Consolidated Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

BISHOP CONSOLIDATED INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2021

Data Control			
Codes	_	R	esponses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?		No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.)		Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 daysfrom the date the warrant hold was issued.		
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.		No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?		Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?		Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end	\$	

